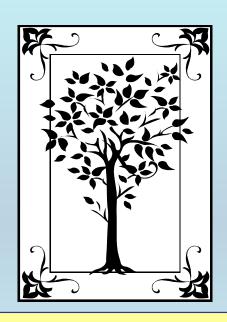
METADATA AND NUMERICAL DATA CAPTURE: Critical Properties (2 - Components)

Guided Data Capture (GDC)



This tutorial describes

METADATA AND NUMERICAL DATA CAPTURE:

for Critical Properties (2-components)

with the Guided Data Capture (GDC) software.

NOTE:

The tutorials proceed sequentially to ease the descriptions. It is not necessary to enter *all* compounds before entering *all* samples, etc.

Compounds, samples, properties, etc., can be added or modified at any time.

However, the hierarchy must be maintained (i.e., a property cannot be entered, if there is no associated sample or compound.)

The experimental data used in this example is from:

Gas-Liquid Critical Properties of Ethylene + Benzene

Tao Liu,† Jin-Yan Fu,‡ Kun Wang,‡ Yong Gao,† and Wei-Kang Yuan*,†

UNILAB Research Center of Chemical Reaction Engineering, and Thermodynamics Research Laboratory, East China University of Science and Technology, Shanghai 200237, People's Republic of China

Gas—liquid critical properties of ethylene + benzene have been measured over the whole composition range by using a high-pressure view cell with direct visual observation. The critical points of the two pure components are in good agreement with literature values. Critical lines show the expected type I fluid phase behavior. Our results are compared with those of Lyubetski, who obtained critical property values through extrapolation of vapor—liquid-phase equilibrium data. Using the Peng—Robinson equation of state, the binary interaction parameter k_{f} , obtained from vapor—liquid equilibrium data at 348.15 K, was used to calculate the critical temperature and the critical pressure. The agreement between our experimental values and the calculated values is satisfactory.

Critical Properties for **Ethylene + Benzene** at various compositions

This data set is considered here.

Table 2. Critical Properties of Ethylene (1) + Benzene (2)

Хl	T_c/K	$P_{\rm c}/{ m MPa}$	$ ho_c/\mathrm{g}^*\mathrm{cm}^{-3}$
1.000	282.75	5.07	0.210
0.911	331.25	8.43	0.304
0.831	372.47	10.78	0.352
0.700	438.25	11.53	0.379
0.600	461.21	10.97	0.380
0.500	488.25	9.93	0.378
0.402	511.85	9.15	0.370
0.300	528.25	7.72	0.348
0.197	542.65	6.71	0.340
0.100	552.75	8.06	0.318
0.000	563.65	5.01	0.297

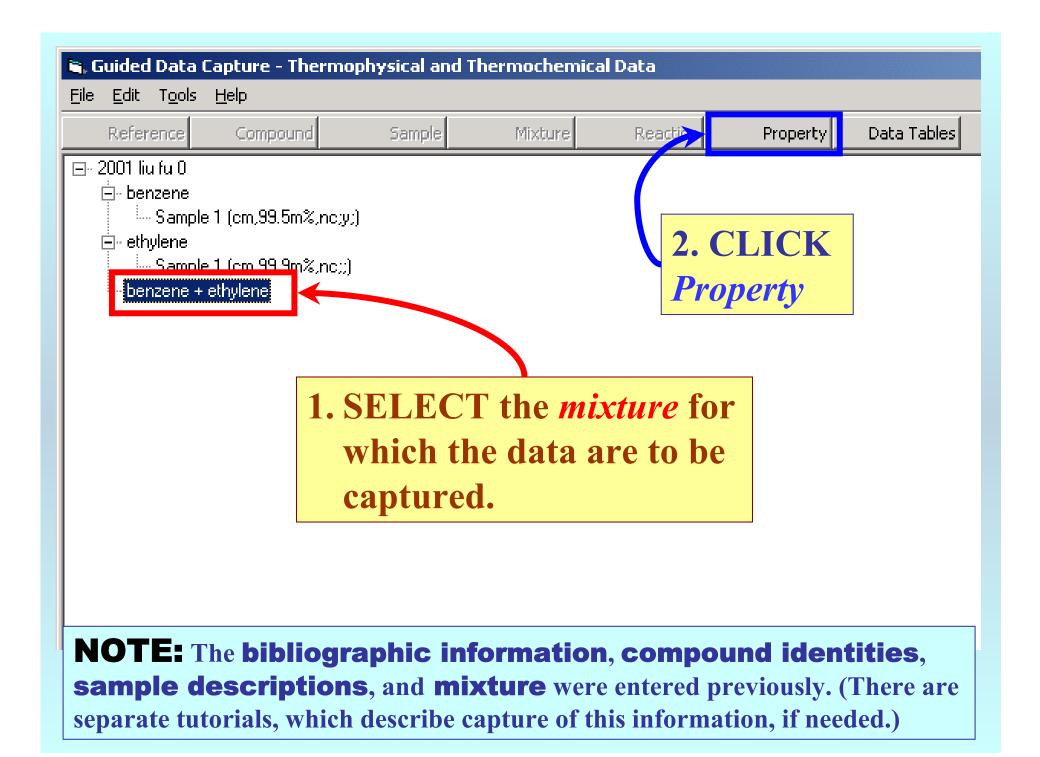
NOTE: The T_c values will be captured in this example. The p_c and ρ_c values are captured independently in a completely analogous manner.

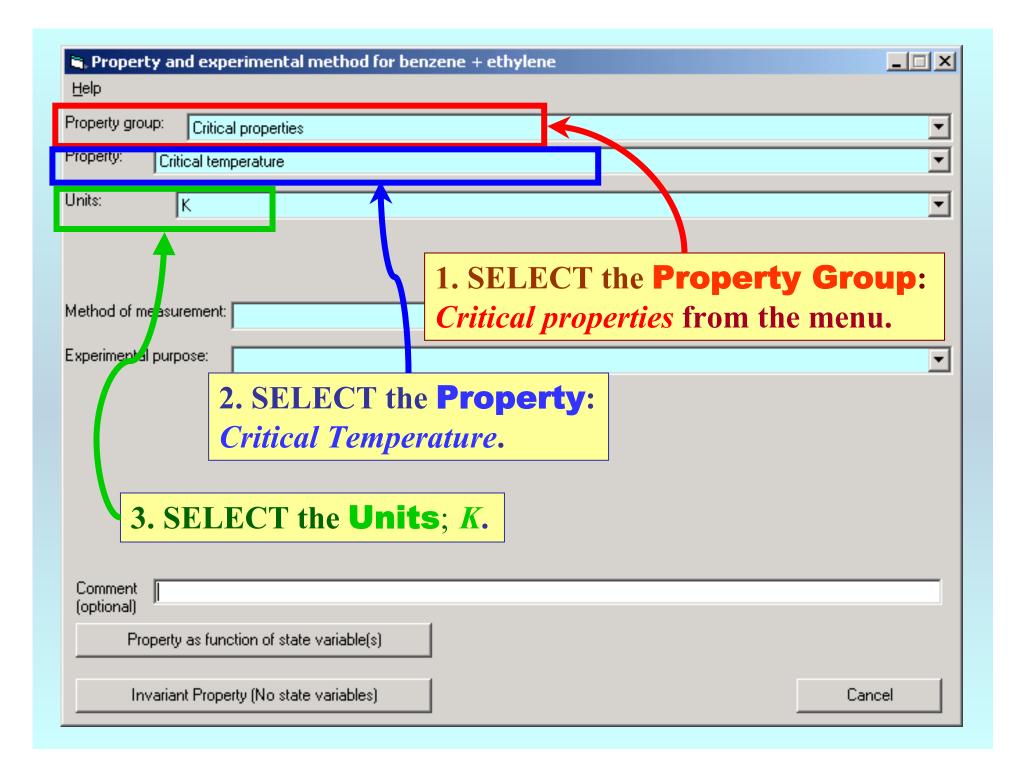
Experimental Method Info:

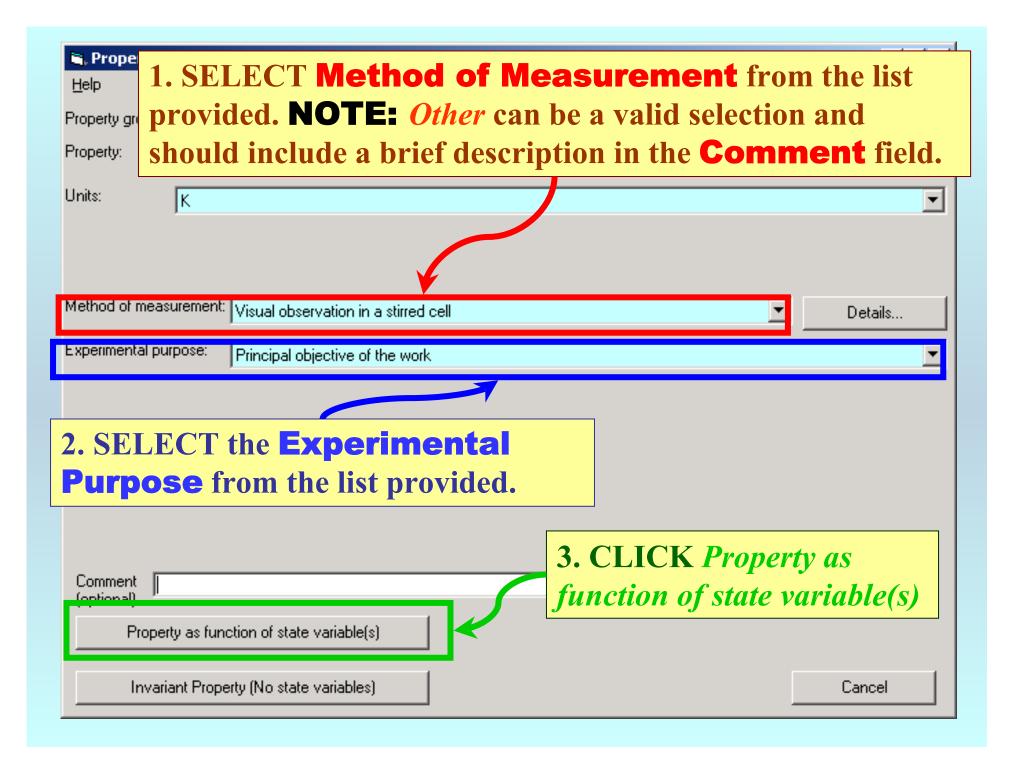
Experimental Setup. Critical point measurements were conducted using a high-pressure view cell. The cell can be operated at temperatures up to 623 K and pressures up to 13 MPa.

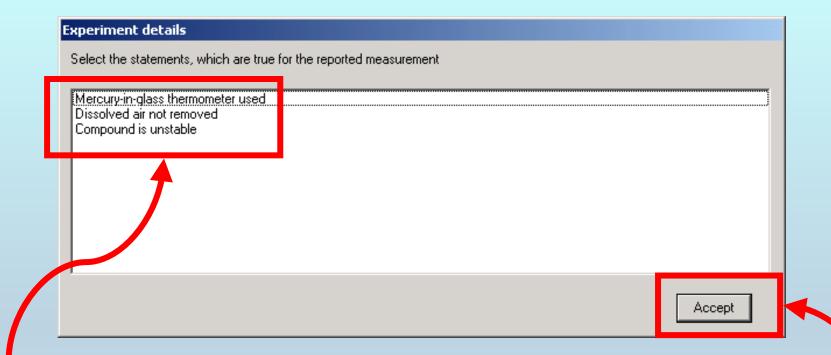
Uncertainty Info:

The cell was placed in an air thermostat, whose temperature was controlled at an accuracy of $\pm 0.2~K$





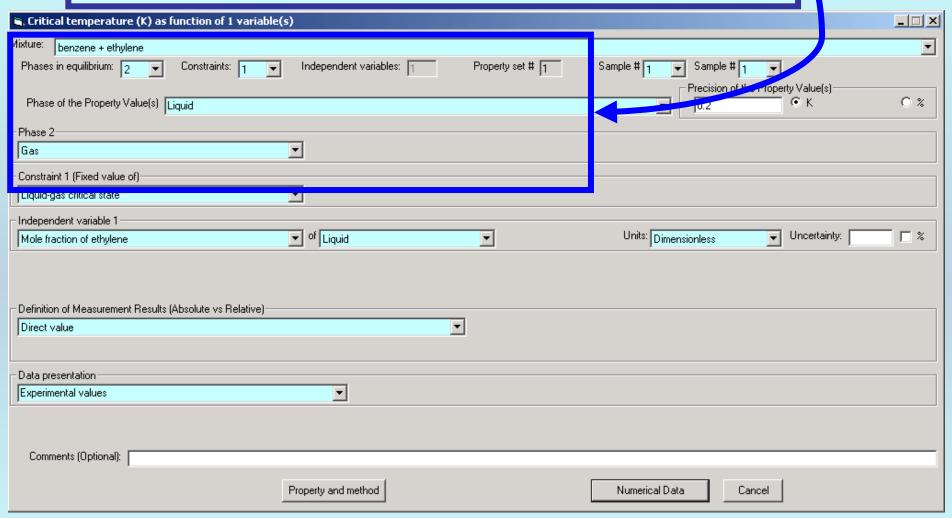


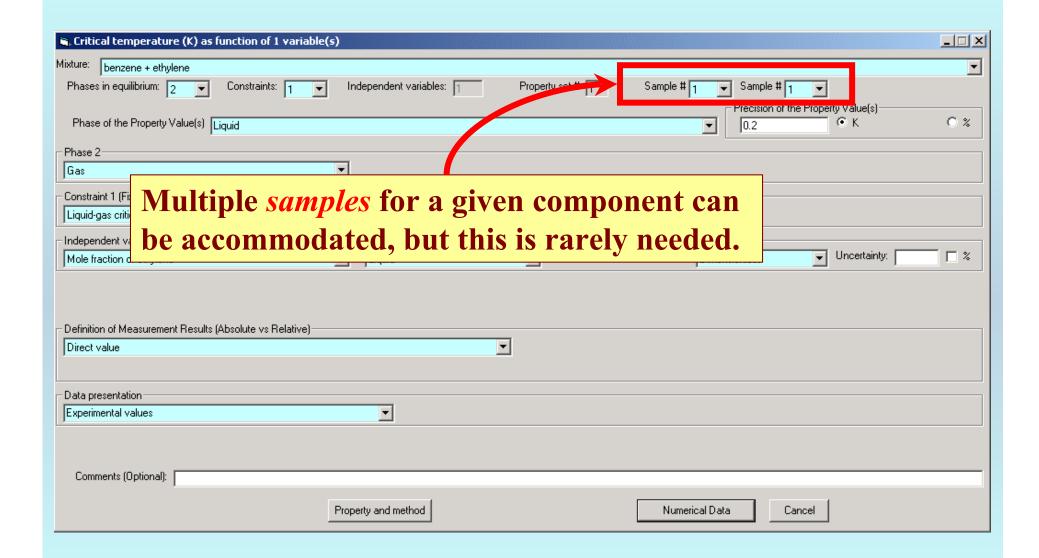


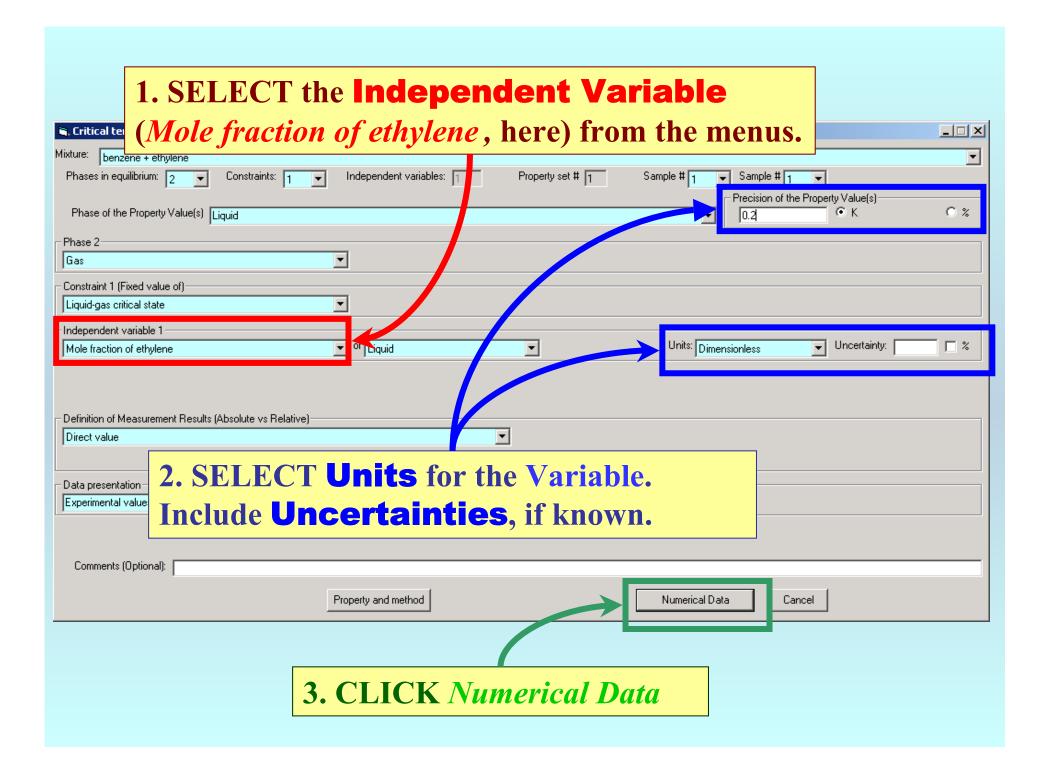
When the Method is chosen, a second form might appear. This form is used to provide some additional information concerning the Method.

SELECT those that apply and CLICK Accept.

NOTE: These fields are filled automatically based on the property.







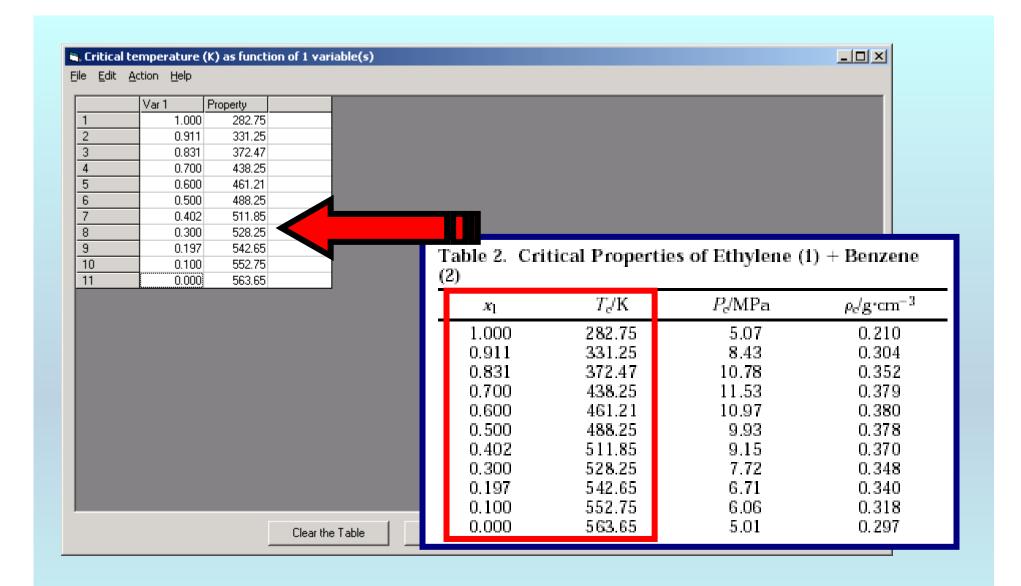
TYPE, or much preferably,
PASTE the variable and
property values into the table.

See next page...

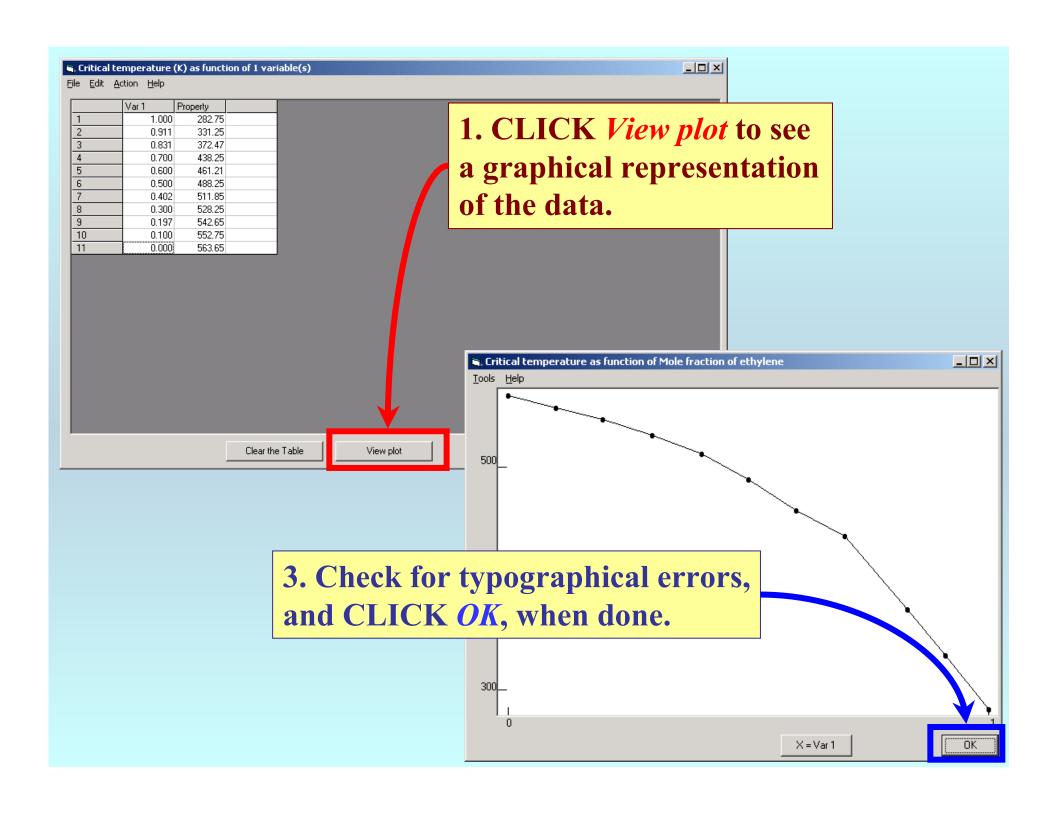
Clear the

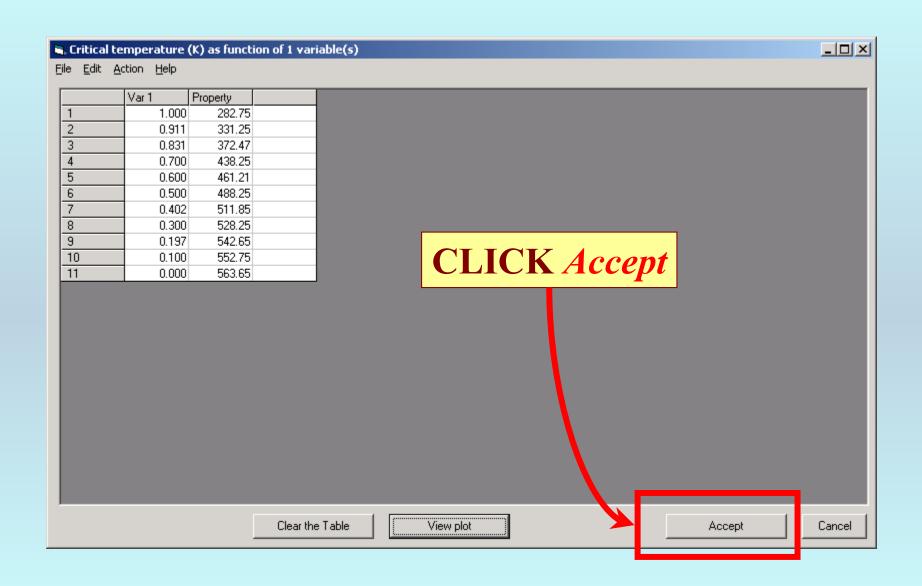
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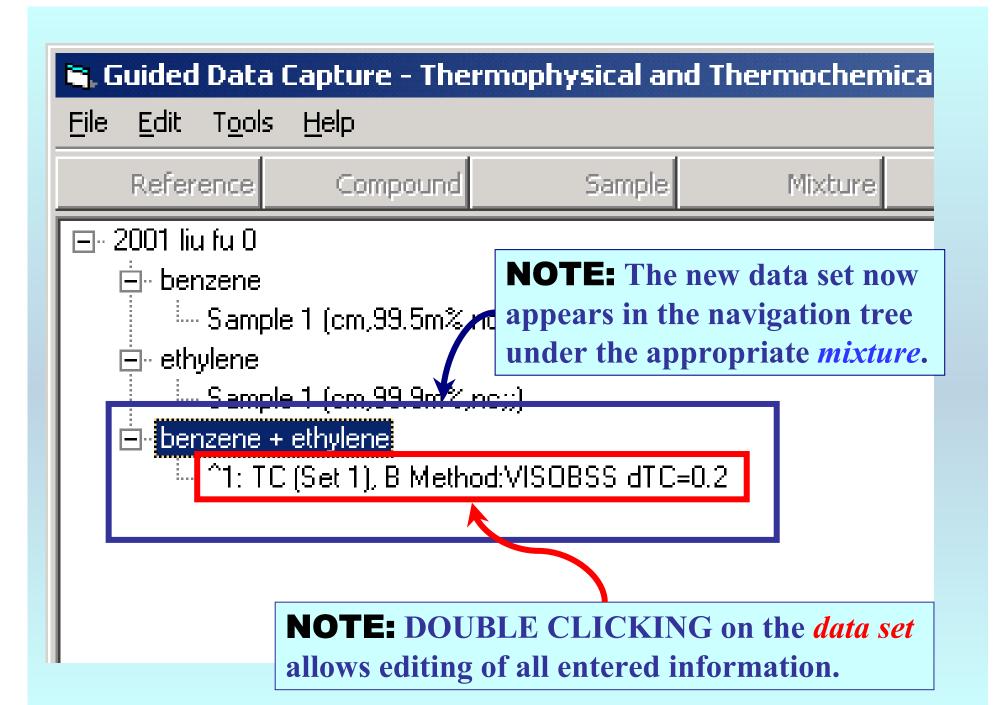
	Χl	T_c/K	P _c /MPa	$ ho_c/{ m g}\cdot{ m cm}^{-3}$
1	1.000	282.75	5.07	0.210
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	0.000	563.65	5.01	0.297



NOTE: Simple CUT/PASTE procedures can be used within the table to convert the original table into the required number of columns. (This can also be done externally in spreadsheet software, e.g., EXCEL.)







END

Continue with other compounds, samples, properties, reactions, etc...

or save your file and exit the program.